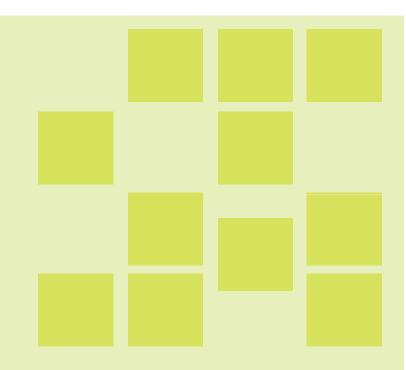
Pozzolanic Activity Assessment of Fly Ashes (Argos USA) Anna Maria Workshop XII

2011/11/09 Argos I&D Daniel Duque Carlos A. Orozco





Objectives

- Identify the best parameters to asses fly ashes pozzolanic activity.
 - The evaluation of the pozzolanic activity was carried out using three different techniques:

Compressive strength test



Calorimetry



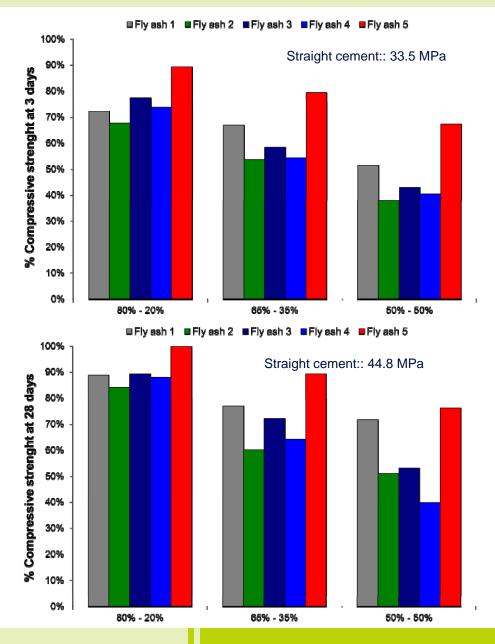
Thermogravimetry

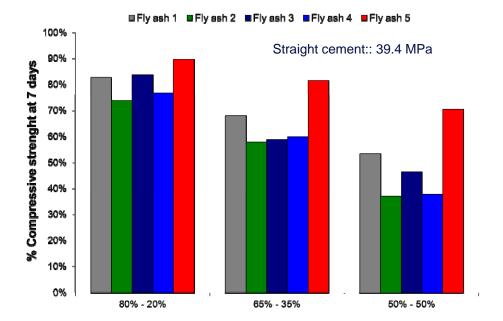


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Compressive strength on mortars

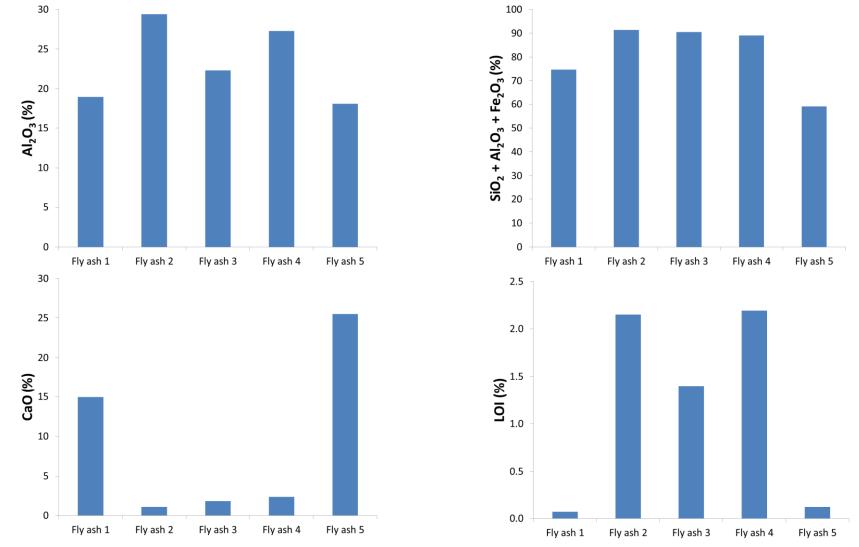




- Top 3:
 - Fly ash 1
 - Fly ash 3Fly ash 5



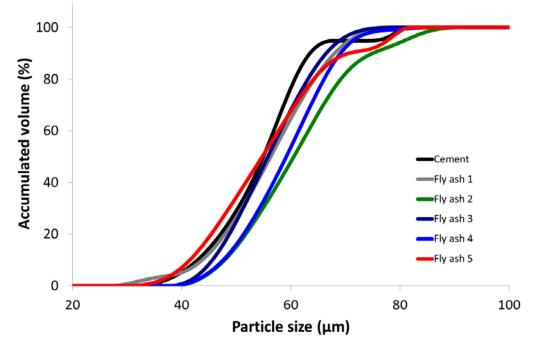
Materials – Chemical composition



- Cement type I
- Fly ash 1, 2, 3 and 4: Class F, fly ash 5: Class C



Materials – Physical properties

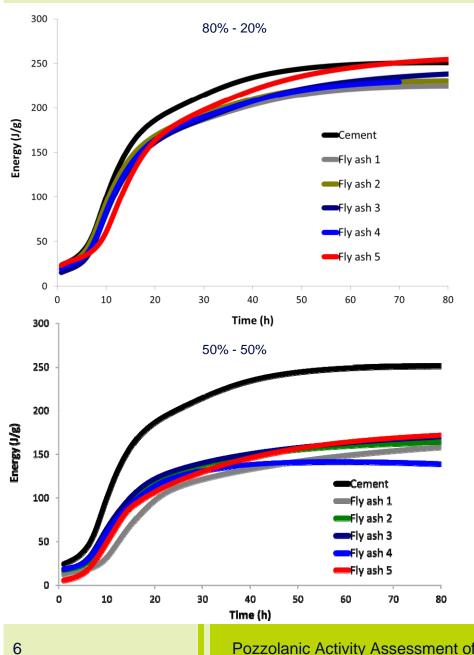


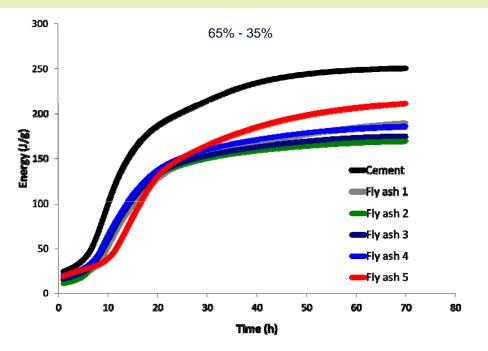
Fly ash	d ₈₀ (um)	Retained on	Specific
		325 sieve (%)	surface m ² /g
Cement	32.44	-	0.844
Fly Ash 1	49.10	16.3	0.919
Fly Ash 2	97.10	22.1	0.396
Fly Ash 3	42.76	18.0	0.590
Fly Ash 4	64.76	18.8	0.434
Fly Ash 5	49.10	15.6	0.954

• Fly ashes 1, 3 and 5 have the bigger specific surfaces.



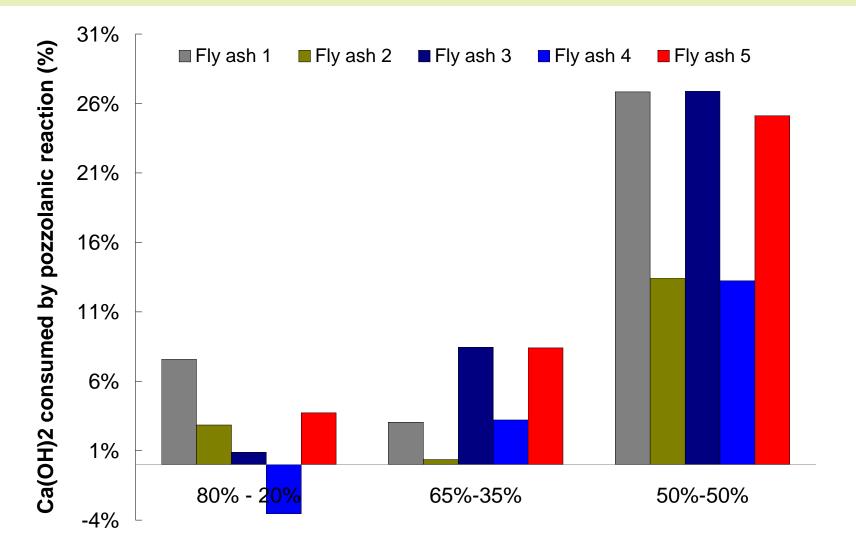
Calorimetry: released heat during hydration





- Fly ash 5 (Class C) released the higher amount of heat for all 3 proportions.
- Almost same behavior for the other 4.

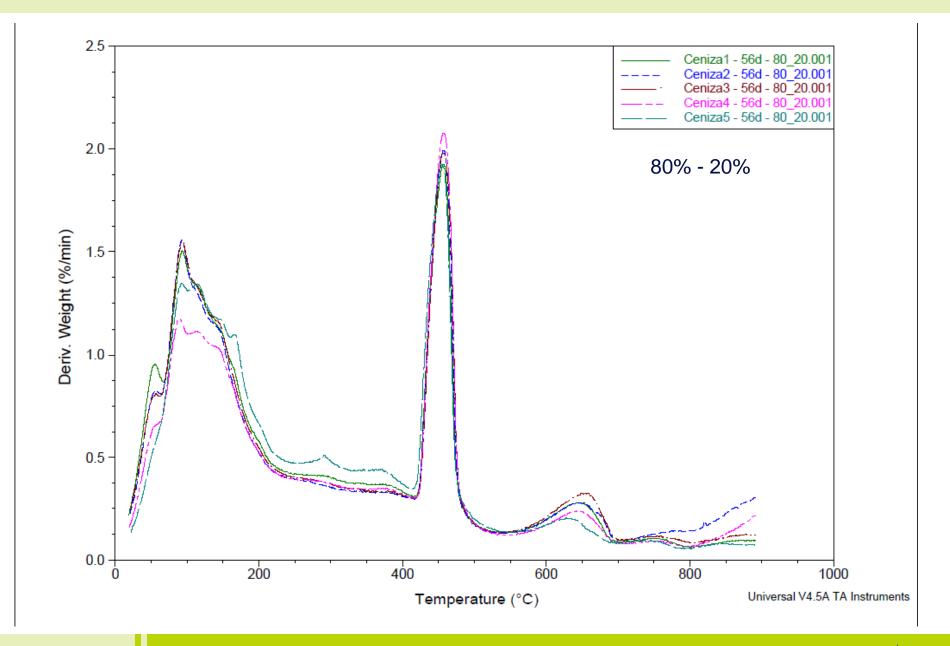


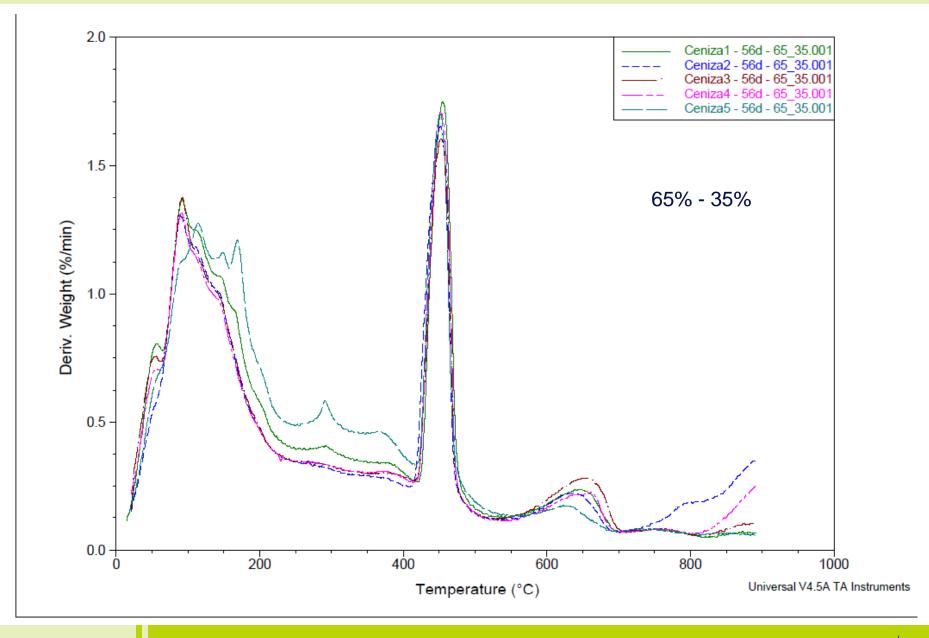


• Fly ashes 1, 3 and 5 present the bigger consumption of Portlandite

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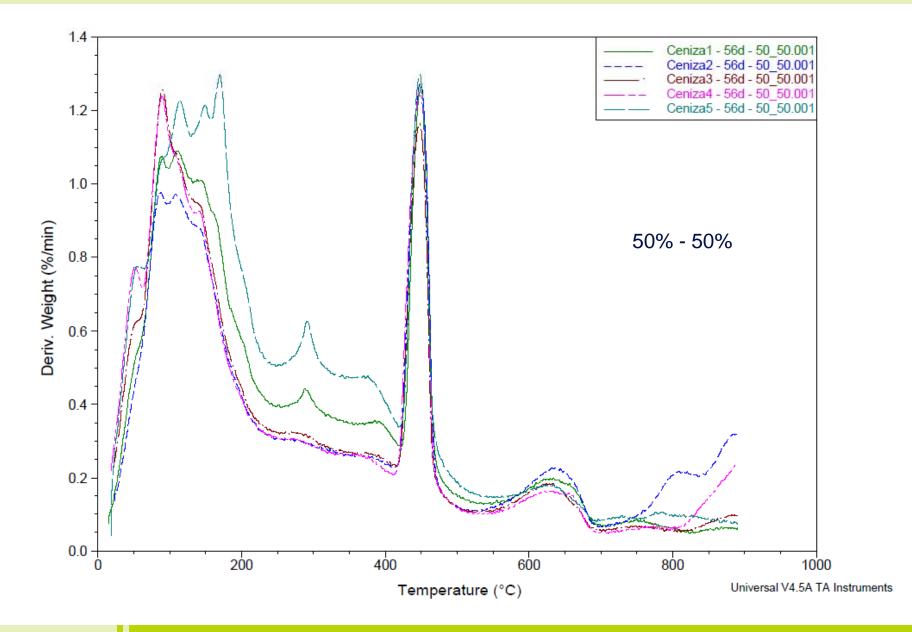






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Thermogravimetry: comments

 Increasing the replacement percentage of fly ash generates various kinds of hydrates but at the same time there quantity is reduced.



Conclusions

- Portlandite consumption and hydrates generation seems to be the most effective way to identified fly ashes with high replacement potential.
- Fly ash 1 and 5 generates the biggest amount of hydrates.
- Medium and high calcium fly ashes present better performances for high replacements.
- Low LOI and high specific surfaces are recommended.

