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I love gimmicks — part 1

I'm a sucker for ways to improve my bridge bidding. I need tools, so I like to try various things that I hear or read about. I add some of them to my convention card while I discard others. The gimmicks that follow are not original with me. They are ones that I have been introduced to along the way, and, of course, I like them or you wouldn't be reading about them.

Keycara asking over three-level preempts

Occasionally your partner will preempt (they love to do that!), and you have a really good hand with controls in the other suits. You'd like to investigate slam but you're not sure of the suit quality in partner's long suit. Here is a method to find out at a low level.

In order to ask for aces after a preemptive bid at the three level, 4. becomes a form of Roman Keycard Blackwood. The responses are:

- 1st step $(4 \spadesuit) = 0$ keycards, no trump queen,
- 2nd step $(4 \heartsuit) = 0$ key cards, but you have the trump queen,
- 3rd step $(4 \spadesuit) = 1$ key card, but no trump queen,
- 4th step(4NT) = 1 key card withthe trump queen,

A. You have one. See it? If you rus

 \clubsuit 5th step $(5 \clubsuit) = 2$ key cards.

If the preemptive bid is $3 - 4 \diamond$ becomes the RKC ask, again with step responses, but one level higher. If you need to know more, you're on

Here's an example. Partner opens 3♣ in first position and you hold:

♠AK874 **♥**AK4 **♦**KQJ **♣**K2.

You would bid 4 \(\phi \) to ask about key cards and get one of the following responses:

4♥ shows 0 key cards and no ♣Q, so sign off quickly in 5 \$,

4 shows 0 key cards, but includes the &Q. Again sign off in 5 &,

4NT shows 1 key card but no ♣Q. Normally you should sign off in 5 & (but you could gamble on 6 ♣ if you need a top board),

5\$ shows 1 key card with the \$Q. Bid 6 ...

5 shows 2 key cards. This is an unlikely response and creates a problem. Your best chance seems to be 6 hecause your partner doesn't rate to have two aces and a queen that would be 10 high-card points. If your partner makes strong preempts, however, you could try 5 to ask about the &Q in order to reach a grand slam.

Balancing in the passout seat over opponents' auctions that end with 1NT

Whenever the opponents' auction stops after a 1NT rebid by opener; you should think about balancing. The following is a convenient and usually effective way of beiatedly getting into the auction. It's a form of DONT and it works like this:

(1) 2 shows four or more clubs and another four-card suit,

(2) 2 shows four or more diamonds and another four-card suit.

(3) 2 shows four cards (or longer) in each major.

(4) Double is intended as penalty and asks for the lead of the suit bid by right-hand opponent.

Example No. 1:

West	North Partner	East	South
1.	Pass	1 💙	Pass
1NT	Pass	Pass	7

You hold:

♠Q843 ♥63 ♦KJ8 ♣KJ87.

You can bid 24 intending to bid 2 A over partner's 2 bid, but to pass if partner bids 2 .

It does not matter that the suits you bid with this DONT method have already been bid by the opponents; it's still quite effective. It may even work best with suits exactly four-cards long because partner will be unlikely to play you for a five-card suit that you could have bid earlier. It's annazing how often you can find a playable fit at the two level.

Example No 2:

West	North	East	South
	Partner		You
1.	Pass	1 🗸	Pass
1NT	Pass	Pass	Dbl

The double is penalty. You may hold this hand:

♠A5 ♥KÇÎ1073 ♦K73 ♣43.

You traly do want the heart suit led! ou (indicate (studiosterius) annibaliente

Next month, we'll look at some more bidding gimmicks that you may wish to try, dan nov rotts edula ad sen